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ESTABLISHED 1887

On Trial, Rust Says He Erred

Youth Asserts He Sought to Meet Gorbachev

By Felicity Barringer
New York Times Service
MOSCOW — Mathias Rust told a Soviet court Wednesday that he made his audacious flight to the edge of Red Square in a single-engine Cessna to talk to the Soviet leader, Mikhail S. Gorbachev, about achieving world peace and to create a sensation that would dramatize his utopian goals.

Admitting his guilt on two of the charges against him — violation of the Soviet border and of international flight regulations — Mr. Rust, 19, said, "I had hoped to have the possibility of meeting with the Soviet leadership, especially Gorbachev."

He said later that "without resonance among the world public, every undertaking is senseless." Nonetheless, Mr. Rust said of his flight, "As I view it today, it is a crime. I would not repeat it."



Mathias Rust, left, at the opening of his trial, and his mother and brother at the courthouse.

Seoul Party Leaders Agree on Election by Dec. 20

By Young Ho
Washington Post Service
SEOUL — Leaders of South Korea's governing party and the opposition agreed Wednesday to hold elections by Dec. 20 and to seek speedy liberalization of labor laws.

Meanwhile, workers began new protests at Hyundai factories. Roh Tae Woo, chairman of the governing party, and Kim Young Sam, president of the major opposition party, met in the National Assembly building for almost three hours and agreed on a timetable for

what would be the nation's first direct presidential election since 1971, their spokesmen said. Mr. Roh is his party's likely candidate, and Mr. Kim is one of two chief contenders to represent the opposition.

Their meeting was heralded as auspicious in South Korea, where the government has arrested opposition politicians more often than it has negotiated with them in recent years.

Most of the strikes have been settled after a few days, but at Hyundai's factories in Ulsan, the scene two weeks ago of the largest strikes of the summer, new trouble broke out Wednesday.

A Rapprochement for Pope and Jews

By Joseph Berger
New York Times Service
CASTELGANDOLI, Italy — The Roman Catholic and Jewish officials who confronted one another here this week succeeded in meeting both immediate practical goals as well as healing a breach in a productive relationship of almost 20 years.

The Jewish officials were able to tell Pope John Paul II directly about their pain and anger over the audience he granted to President Kurt Waldheim of Austria, something some of them said they absolutely needed to do for themselves and for their credibility as representatives of Jewish organizations.

The Catholic officials also wanted to restore the relationship in a way that would not compel them to yield an essential principle and apologize for the audience.

Kiosk Soviet and U.S. Prove a Point

OSAKAROVKA, Soviet Union (Reuters) — Soviet and U.S. scientists employed 30 tons of TNT in the stupors of Central Asia on Wednesday to prove that with modern technology the smallest blast can be monitored and the observance of a nuclear test ban treaty verified.

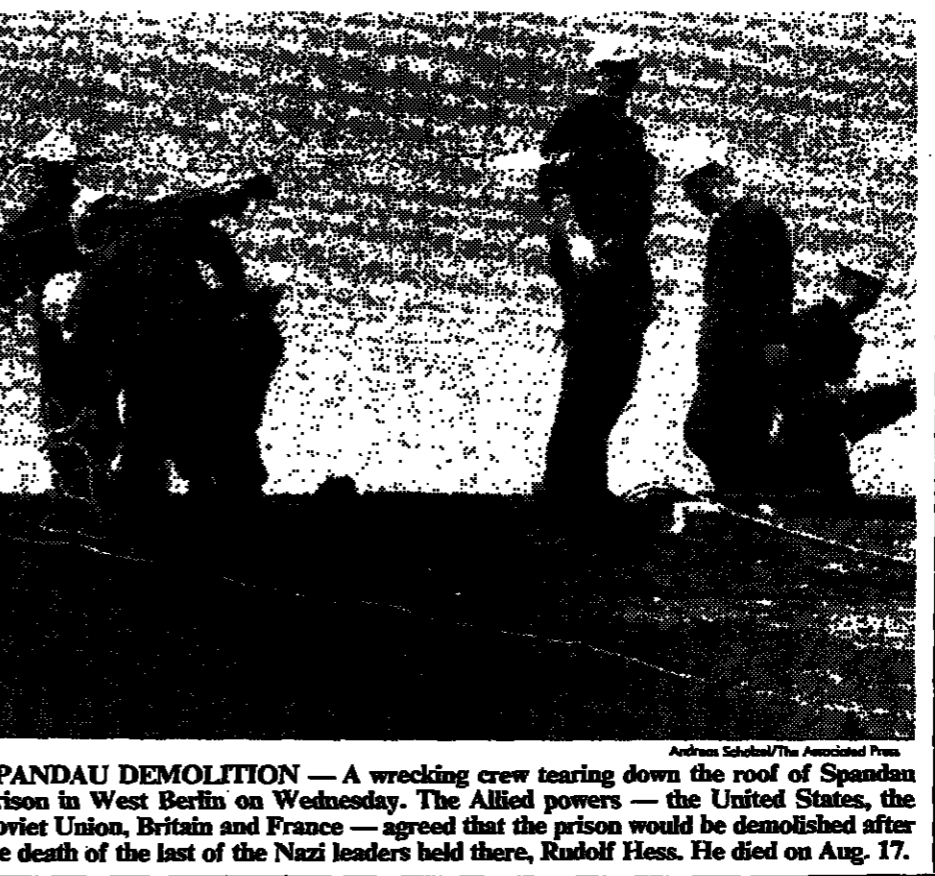
Philatelists Solve the Inverted Candle Caper and Find CIA Link

By Philip Shenon
New York Times Service
WASHINGTON — Call it the inverted candle caper. As embarrassments go, it doesn't exactly rank with the Bay of Pigs. But neither is it the kind of publicity that the Central Intelligence Agency goes looking for.

investigators say, the CIA workers made a secret agreement among themselves, sold the stamps for thousands of dollars and split the proceeds. It is unclear whether the sale was illegal or even improper, but it is certain that stamp collectors are beside themselves.

This is the most exciting stamp story of the year, and the CIA angle adds a lot of pizzazz," said Donald Sundman, a Camden, New York, stamp dealer who helped expose the CIA's involvement.

According to the government, the inverted \$1 stamps were printed in November 1985, along with more than 28 million normal versions of the stamp. Only one sheet, or 400 stamps, was produced with the misprint.



SPANDAU DEMOLITION — A wrecking crew tearing down the roof of Spandau Prison in West Berlin on Wednesday. The Allied powers — the United States, the Soviet Union, Britain and France — agreed that the prison would be demolished after the death of the last of the Nazi leaders held there, Rudolf Hess. He died on Aug. 17.



S. Brian Willson, a Vietnam veteran, was hit by a train and badly injured while leading a peace protest in California. Another picture, Page 2.

Moscow Celebrates Chagall at 100

By John Russell
New York Times Service
MOSCOW — The centennial of the birth of Marc Chagall — painter, printmaker, stage designer and autobiographer — was marked here Wednesday by the opening of an exhibition of his work at the Pushkin Museum.

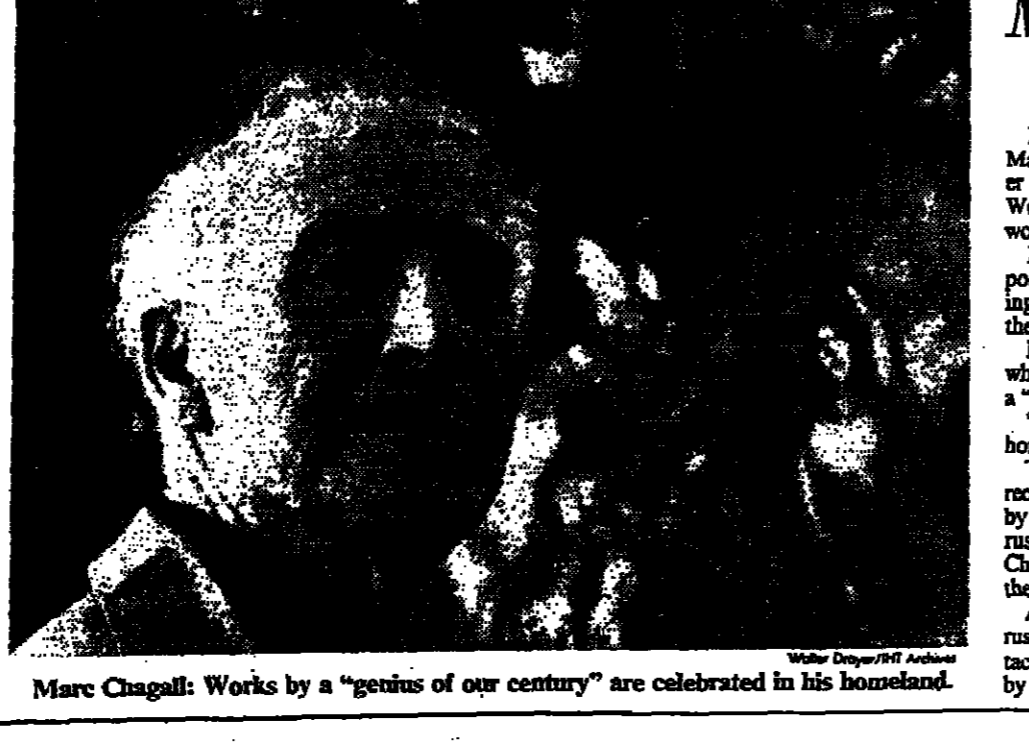
The centennial exhibition may be a triumph for the artist in Moscow, but authorities in Vitebsk, where Chagall was born Moyshe Shagal on July 7, 1887, have made it clear that they have no intention of turning his birthplace into a museum, Mr. Voznesensky said.

Meaningful, it is clear in Moscow that Chagall's paintings and prints thrive conspicuously on his native soil and in his native light. His stories remain Russian stories, no matter how often he delighted in telling them. His wit, his powers of observation, his vaulting fancy and his all-embracing sentiment are Russian, without exception, and it seems more than ever ridiculous that Russians have been deprived of them for so long.

The drug, lovastatin, is expected to revolutionize treatment of high cholesterol levels, which heart specialists regard as the most important underlying cause of atherosclerosis and coronary heart disease.

In the United States, about 20 million adults have cholesterol levels that put them at very high risk of developing coronary heart disease, and experts predict that lovastatin will be prescribed for many of these people, as well as for millions of others whose risk is not quite as high.

GENERAL NEWS
Warnings of a coup reached Corazon Aquino before the military Friday. Page 4.
BUSINESS/FINANCE
West German factory output fell 1.3 percent in July. Page 9.



Marc Chagall: Works by a "genius of our century" are celebrated in his homeland.

Pershing Decision Defended

Kohl Says Action Helps Arms Pact

The Associated Press
 BONN — Chancellor Helmut Kohl defended his offer to scrap West Germany's 72 Pershing-1A missiles, telling a parliamentary session Wednesday that the proposal would help the superpowers reach an arms control agreement.

Mr. Kohl, speaking during a parliamentary debate, also said the offer had foiled a Soviet attempt to strain relations within the North Atlantic Treaty Organization.

The offer, announced last week, will help President Ronald Reagan "successfully conclude an agreement" at the U.S.-Soviet Geneva disarmament talks, Mr. Kohl said.

Opposition politicians said that Mr. Kohl was unable to get his coalition government's backing for the offer and questioned his ability to put it into effect.

Hard-line conservatives in the West German coalition reacted angrily after Mr. Kohl said last week that Bonn would scrap its aging Pershing-1A missiles if the superpowers reached an agreement to dismantle their medium- and shorter-range missiles worldwide.

Bavaria's Christian Social Union, the most conservative of the coalition's three parties, boycotted government talks on Tuesday.

The union's leader, Franz Josef Strauss, said his party also would stay away from a second round of talks, planned for later this month.

Mr. Strauss said Mr. Kohl's offer could harm West German security.

Hospital Space at Issue In N.Y. Homeless Plan

By Daniel Goleman

New York Times Service
 NEW YORK — Psychiatrists and social workers say a plan by Mayor Edward I. Koch to take mentally ill homeless people off the streets is an important first step toward reversing what they regard as the failed policy of releasing large numbers of such patients from mental institutions.

But in interviews Tuesday they emphasized that it was only the first step in what must be a two-step program.

And they added that preparations seemed inadequate for the equally important second step — creating enough bed space and the kind of individual counseling and support that will be needed.

Authorities in the field agree that the national movement to remove many patients from mental institutions that began on a large scale in the 1960s was a failure.

The movement led to the closing or shrinking of most state mental hospitals as patients were put on medication and put out on their own. The consensus is that many such patients, with medication or without it, were not prepared to take care of themselves.

But mental health experts said that correcting the situation is far more complicated than sweeping the homeless off the streets.

As more details of Mr. Koch's plan were becoming known, many



Workers in Washington unload boxes of proposals for various states for the superconducting supercollider.

A Supercollider Race in U.S.

By Cass Peterson
Washington Post Service
 WASHINGTON — Mindful of the theory about the early bird, at 4 A.M. New York was waiting at the Energy Department, Oklahoma was not far behind. Texas waited for the news media to assemble before rolling up in classic Lone Star style, with a truck full of documents and a caravan of members of Congress to witness delivery.

"If they read them, they'll see that Texas has the best sites," said Representative Jack Brooks, a Democrat of Texas, while that deficit-minded foe of federal spending, Senator Phil Gramm, a Republican of Texas, stood by beaming.

The race is on for the superconducting supercollider, a \$6-billion atom smasher that is billed as the juiciest federal project in decades even though Congress has not decided whether to build it.

The state that wins the super collider, a 52-mile (84-kilometer) atomic race track that would dwarf existing accelerators, gets 4,500 construction jobs, 2,500 permanent positions, a \$275-million annual operating budget.

Nearly a dozen states descended on the Energy Department on Tuesday to submit bids for what Energy Secretary John S. Herrington has called the "crown jewel of high-energy physics" and what most state officials view as a crown jewel, period.

When the application deadline passed Wednesday, the department had three dozen proposals from 24 bidders, some involving several states.

The magnitude of the project goes a long way toward explaining why the governors of Ohio, Louisiana and Colorado journeyed to Washington to deliver applications Tuesday, why the Department of Energy had a truck standing by to ferry the documents to its offices in Germantown, Maryland, and why Representative Brooks and Senator Gramm stood side by side at a news conference, extolling virtues of the Texas Panhandle lifestyle.

Although the official application was limited to 200 pages, exclusive of charts and graphs, few states were willing to rest their cases so briefly. The Texas proposal weighed in at 2,400 pounds (about

Clothes-Conscious Kids Meet Old Idea: Uniforms

By Paul W. Valentine

Washington Post Service
 BALTIMORE — Pupils at a public elementary school here have begun wearing uniforms to class in a project aimed at cutting costs for moderate-income parents and curbing social pressure among clothes-conscious children.

About 360 students from pre-kindergarten to fifth grade showed up for opening day at South Baltimore's Cherry Hill Elementary School, most dressed in the new uniform: navy blue sleeveless dresses and blouses for the girls, blue slacks, dress shirts and ties for the boys.

The price of a uniform is \$30, and shoes cost \$18 to \$20.

"When two pair of Calvin Klein jeans and a pair of Reebok tennis shoes costs \$150," said Jacqueline Powell, director of the project at the school, "then it makes sense to buy five whole uniforms for the same price."

Cherry Hill is the first of at least four schools in the area to go with uniforms, long worn at parochial and private schools but traditionally shunned by public schools.

The move comes amid concern over growing competitiveness among children vying for social acceptance. In Prince George's County, Maryland, a 17-year-old high school student was shot and wounded last spring over a pair of \$95 high-fashion sunglasses.

Although such violence rarely reaches the elementary school level, parents at Cherry Hill repeatedly voiced impatience on opening day with what they said was increasing pressure from their children to buy expensive clothes.

Local and national school administrators said they did not know how many other public schools had adopted uniforms, but the idea appears to be gaining momentum.

At Burrville Elementary School in Washington, which will start such a program Tuesday, Principal Walter Henry said the school was

When two pair of Calvin Klein jeans and a pair of Reebok tennis shoes costs \$150, it makes sense to buy five uniforms for the same price.

— Jacqueline Powell, school project director

Developer Surveys the White House

By Michael Oreskes

New York Times Service
 NEW YORK — Donald J. Trump, one of New York's biggest and most vocal developers, said that he was not interested in running for political office in New York, but indicated that the presidency was another matter.

Mr. Trump, a Republican, bought full-page advertisements in three major newspapers around the United States on Wednesday to air his foreign-policy views. And an adviser disclosed that Mr. Trump is planning a trip next month to New Hampshire, site of the first presidential primary.

While some campaign consultants scoffed at the notion of a landlord and casino owner as a candidate, Mr. Trump, whose holdings are estimated at \$3 billion, stoked the speculation with a statement from a spokesman that said: "There is absolutely no plan to run for mayor, governor or United States senator. He will not comment about the presidency."

Mr. Trump was not available to comment on whether he means to be taken seriously as someone pondering running for president or was just stirring up a little smoke to draw attention to himself or his views.

His trip to New Hampshire is in response to an invitation from Mike Dunbar, a Republican who is running a "draft Donald Trump" movement. According to Mr. Dunbar, Mr. Trump already has high name recognition in New Hampshire.

Mr. Dunbar, who is well known in New Hampshire Republican circles as both conservative and off-beat, said he has arranged for Mr. Trump to speak at a Rotary Club luncheon Oct. 22 in Portsmouth.

"There's not a Republican running who can win the general election," Mr. Dunbar said. "I decided we better find someone who is capable of being elected."

He said his support had been sought by most of the other Republican contenders, including Vice President George Bush, Senator Bob Dole of Kansas and Representative Jack F. Kemp of upstate New York.

Mr. Dunbar said he had not met Mr. Trump but came to admire him from newspaper and magazine articles. He said Mr. Trump had the same kind of entrepreneurial style that made Lee A. Iacocca attractive to some Democrats. Mr. Iacocca, chairman of the Chrysler Corp., has said he will not be a candidate.

Mr. Trump, according to his office, spent \$94,801 of his own money to purchase full-page advertisements in The New York Times, The Washington Post and The Boston Globe, which circulates extensively in New Hampshire.

The advertisement, according to an advance copy provided by his office, carries the headline: "There's nothing wrong with America's foreign defense policy that a little backbone can't cure."

Mr. Trump, 41, has no particular background in foreign policy. His real-estate holdings are largely in New York, Atlantic City and West Palm Beach, Florida.

He did, however, travel to Moscow in July, where he met with the Soviet leader, Mikhail S. Gorbachev. The ostensible subject of their meeting was the possible development of luxury hotels in the Soviet Union by Mr. Trump. But Mr. Trump's calls for nuclear disarmament were also well-known to the Russians.



Donald J. Trump

Soviet Names Swiss Envoy

Reuters
 MOSCOW — The Soviet Union named a woman as its ambassador to Switzerland on Monday, Zoya Novozhilova, an education official, replaces Ivan Ippolitov, the ambassador since 1984.

Charles Wesley, Black Scholar, Dies

New York Times Service
 WASHINGTON — Charles Harris Wesley, 95, one of the most eminent black scholars in the United States, died Aug. 16 at Howard University Hospital in Washington of pneumonia.

Dr. Wesley wrote a number of works that broke ground in the writing of black history. His doctoral dissertation, "Negro Labor in the United States 1850 to 1925: A Study in American Economic History," was the first scholarly examination of the black labor force in the period after slavery.

He wrote a dozen books on black history, specializing in the 1930s in studies of slavery and emancipation in the British West Indies.

"Neglected History" appeared in 1965, and "Collapse of the Confederacy" published in 1930, was reissued in 1968. He also wrote numerous scholarly articles and edited the International Library of Negro Life and History and the Negro History Bulletin. Just before his death he was preparing two more books.

He was born in Louisville, Kentucky, and graduated from Fisk University in 1911. At 19 he was awarded a graduate fellowship at Yale, where he waited on tables to earn his board while completing his master's degree in 1913. In 1920 he received his doctorate from Harvard and accepted a position at Howard.

In 1974, at 82, Dr. Wesley came out of retirement to become the first director of the Afro-American Historical and Cultural Museum in Philadelphia.

Burma to Allow Private Food Deals

Agence France-Press
 RANGOON, Burma — The government has authorized Burmese citizens to engage in private-sector dealing in rice, basic commodities, including rice, in what analysts called the first major change in economic policy in more than 20 years.

The partial repeal of a 1966 regulation that covered 426 items was announced Tuesday by the Council of Ministers, and it came after calls by the Burmese leader, Ne Win, for social, political and economic changes.

The order, likely to affect the livelihood of five million Burmese farmers, allows the private sector to buy and sell rice, corn and seven kinds of beans freely on the domestic market.

The order said every citizen would be allowed to "purchase, transport, store, sell and transact" the deregulated crops within Burma, beginning with the next harvest, after registering with government authorities.

The order also said that in the future, peasants were to pay land taxes with crops rather than with cash. Prescribed payments in crops like rice, wheat, corn, beans, cotton and sugar cane will be announced later, the government said.

Total farmland in Burma is estimated to cover about 10 million hectares (25.63 million acres), and the bulk of Burmese farmers have holdings of not more than four hectares.

The changes come amid economic hard times in Burma and signs of a severe food shortage. An Australian expert said in Bangkok last month that for the first time in modern times, agricultural production in Burma this year might not be enough to feed the country's population, which totals 37 million.

The Australian expert said that even if a drought now affecting the country could be overcome, fuel shortages and an inadequate transportation system would hamper distribution to needy areas.

Analysis said they believed the food situation and its possible social and political consequences had prompted General Ne Win's sudden call for change in a speech Aug. 10.

General Ne Win, 76, who has kept his country virtually isolated since he seized power in a coup in 1962, called for a candid reappraisal of Burma's social, political and economic conditions over the last 25 years.

Faced with a soaring foreign debt, double-digit inflation, widespread black marketeering and slowing growth, Burma applied to the United Nations earlier this year for least-developed-country status.

Foreign-currency reserves are believed to be \$28 million, enough to run the country for only two weeks.

Israel to Renew Ties to Hungary

Reuters
 TEL AVIV — Israel and Hungary will sign an agreement in Switzerland next week to establish diplomatic interest offices in Budapest and Tel Aviv, according to Israeli radio.

It quoted a Hungarian Foreign Ministry official Tuesday as saying the move was a first step toward renewed diplomatic relations, severed by Hungary during the 1967 Middle East war.

Foreign Minister Shimon Peres will also meet Foreign Minister Peter Varkonyi of Hungary at the United Nations at the end of the month, the radio said.



Watch the world go by from the front porch. Call home.

Thinking back on the world you left behind? A talk with the folks back in the States will bring it all back to life. So go ahead. Reach out and touch someone.

SCIENCE

Self-Defeating Behavior Scrutinised

By Daniel Goleman

ONE of the most paradoxical of human behaviors, the tendency to sabotage one's own success, has come under new scrutiny as psychologists and psychiatrists increasingly see self-defeating habits as an indication of severe emotional trouble.

Dr. Berglas's research points to a tendency in many people to use the play of self-defeat just at the moment when they have gained a triumph that, deep down, they believe they do not deserve.

One root of the tendency, according to Dr. Berglas, is a childhood in which parents impose grandiose expectations and praise the child profusely and often undeservedly.

Another self-defeating tactic coming under research scrutiny is pathological excuse-making. Excuses can become pathological when the same excuse is used over and over when people invent excuses too often.

Several characteristics distinguish pathological excuses from normal ones, according to Dr. Snyder. Self-defeating excuses tend to be too involved and grand for the transgression they are meant to smooth over.

IN BRIEF

Speed-Record Sandpiper Shot Down on Arrival

NEW YORK (NYT) — A small shorebird has made what scientists believe is the fastest long-distance flight by a bird ever documented. Within four days of its release in Massachusetts, the bird, a semipalmated sandpiper, showed up in Guyana, 2,800 miles (4,500 kilometers) away.



The speedy sandpiper.

Adverse Family History Increases Stroke Risk in Men

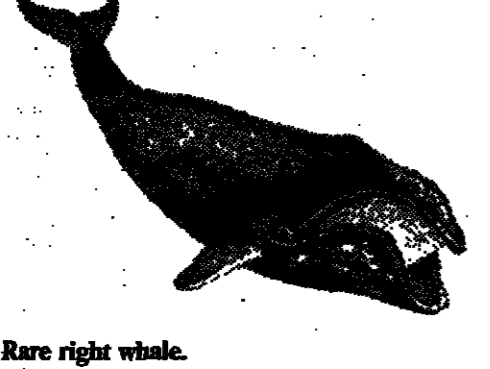
BOSTON (AP) — Men who have a family history of strokes are at unusually high risk of suffering strokes themselves, and should be encouraged to lose weight and control their blood pressure.

The Swedish study was conducted by Dr. Lennart Welin and colleagues at Ostra Hospital in Göteborg, Sweden and was based on 789 men who were enrolled in the study at age 54.

U.S. Protects Right Whales

SAVANNAH, Georgia (UPI) — "Save the Whales," motto for activists of another era, has become the rallying cry for conservationists on the Georgia coast preparing for the return this fall of the endangered right whale.

Psychologists agree that minor excuse-making to save face is very common. But self-defeating people rely so often on excuses and self-imposed handicaps that they become imprisoned by them.



Rare right whale.



1887 and all that...

The Trib's Centennial Quiz

Hundreds of valuable prizes await participants in the IHT's centennial quiz, focusing on the year of the paper's founding.

1887 is a special year for the International Herald Tribune, for it was on October 4th of that year that James Gordon Bennett, Jr. made journalistic history by launching our newspaper in Paris.

Because our Centennial is an occasion in which we want to welcome our readers' participation, we have created the following Centennial Quiz, built around events and personalities of historic significance who, in some special way, are linked to the year 1887.

Every person who answers 15 or more of these questions correctly will receive an IHT souvenir in thanks for his or her participation. Those who answer the most questions correctly will be recognized in our pages — and will receive a larger prize.

Everyone can enter the contest except International Herald Tribune employees and their families. So fill in the quiz coupon and send it right away. Contest closing date will be October 4, 1987 our actual anniversary date.

Our Questions:

- 1. Begun in 1887, it became two years later the tallest structure the world had ever seen, and remained so for 41 years. What was it, which building did it succeed as the world's tallest, and which finally surpassed it in 1930?
2. Which famous literary figure made his first appearance in 1887, and who were the two doctors whom he also helped to immortalize?
3. On May 8, 1887, a young man was shocked when his brother Alexander was hanged for taking part in a murder conspiracy. As a result, the history of mankind in the twentieth century was dramatically changed. What was his name?
4. He was born in 1887, became a revolutionary in 1911, and President of his country in 1923. Though he was regarded as a world leader, he spent the last 26 years of his life on a small island. Who was he?
5. Which famous symbol of internationalism was launched in 1887 by Ludwik Zamenhof?
6. Which Man for All Seasons became a saint in 1887?
7. Born in 1887 as William Henry Pratt, the son of a member of the Indian Salt Revenue Service, he spent much of his life in America where he became world famous under another name, and eventually retired to Sussex, England, to watch cricket before his death in 1969. How is he better known?
8. Which chemistry professor at a military academy of medicine died at a party in 1887, leaving an unfinished opera?
9. Which British citizen, born in 1887 the son of an Irish bishop, commanded the U.S. First Army (among other units) on D-Day?
10. In 1887, this man won public acclaim in Vienna for something which had nothing to do with politics, even though he later became Prime Minister of a European country. He had a farm in California and died in New York in 1941. Who was he?
11. On July 8, 1887, a world-famous novelist attended a concert given by his children and wept at Beethoven's music. This later inspired him to write one of his best-known stories. Who is the novelist and what was the story's name?
12. In 1887, a composer produced his tragic masterpiece. Sixteen years earlier he had been commissioned to compose a similar musical work to celebrate a feat of engineering. It was given its premiere in Africa. What were the two works?
13. Born in 1887, he became famous as a scientist and international civil servant, but he was often overshadowed by his brother who died on the same day as President Kennedy. Who was he?
14. In 1886 an unknown young painter arrived in Paris to see the last exhibition of the impressionists of which he wrote, "when one sees them for the first time one is very much disappointed and thinks they are ugly, sloppily and badly painted, badly drawn and of a poor color, everything that is miserable."

- But in 1887, under their influence, he completely changed his own approach to painting and discovered the new style which after his death three years later was to make him world famous. Who was he?
15. What was first set up by a group of French and British naval officers in 1887, and later became known as Xanadu?
16. It originally came from England in 1851 and almost immediately went to America. In 1887 it was moved to the place where it remained until 1963 — when to everyone's surprise, it suddenly went off half way round the world. What is it?
17. A scandal over an illegitimate child had not stood in the way of his success two years earlier — but his marriage to a 22-year old girl in 1886 did prevent his repeating his success two years later. Four years after that, he had a third chance. Who and what was he in 1887?
18. Which colonial country was formed in 1887, allied to Germany in 1940, liberated by the British in 1945 and divided, and only again came under the same rule in the late 1970's?
19. Born in Switzerland in 1887, he became world-famous under a pseudonym which means "crow-like" and spent much of his life drawing up plans for the rebuilding of Paris, Rio de Janeiro and other major cities, none of which were ever carried out. He did, however, design one of the best known buildings in New York. Who was he?
20. 1887 was the year a novel Swiss invention was first manufactured in Germany. Esthetic and practical for men and women,

- the invention's application is external though rarely visible. It took many years to become popular. Can you name the invention?
21. In 1887 a legendary American had his show on the road in England and Europe delighting audiences with a kind of U.S. life that would later be popularized in Hollywood. Who was he?
22. 1887 marked the birth of a celebrated English writer of poetry and prose whose very close family relation with two other writers produced a fashionable movement of literary thought and style. Who was this titled writer?
23. He was born in 1887 in Pennsylvania but later became governor of another state. As the Republican candidate for President of the United States, he ran unsuccessfully against one of America's better known presidents. Who was he?
24. In 1887 he was working in the New York Customs House and writing a book of poems called John Marr and Other Sailors — although the work that has made him world famous had already been published 35 years earlier. Who was he?
25. In 1874, the eccentric owner of a major New York newspaper moved permanently to Paris. Tradition says that, 13 years later, the sound of a bird in the night convinced him to found a newspaper in Paris. Today, 100 years later, that paper is still publishing. Who was its founder, what was the newspaper's full original name, and what was the bird whose nocturnal song was instrumental in its founding?

Your Answers

Please write or print your answers very clearly. Then add your name and address and cut out the response coupon along the dotted lines.
Mail to "Centennial Quiz", International Herald Tribune, 181 avenue Charles-de-Gaulle, 92200 Neuilly, France.
1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
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23. _____
24. _____
25. _____
Mail your answers immediately. The Centennial quiz closing date is October 4, 1987.
Name _____
Address _____
City and Code _____
Country _____

NYSE Most Actives table with columns for stock symbols, volume, high, low, last, and change.

Market Sales table showing NYSE 3 a.m. volume, Amex 3 a.m. volume, and other market statistics.

NYSE Index table with columns for Composite, Industrials, Transp., Utilities, and Finance.

Wednesdays NYSE Closing logo with the text 'Via The Associated Press'.

AMEX Diary table listing various stocks and their prices.

NASDAQ Index table showing Composite, Industrials, Insurance, Utilities, and Banks.

AMEX Most Actives table listing top active stocks on the AMEX.

Dow Jones Bond Averages table showing yields for various bond categories.

NYSE Diary table with columns for Adv. Declined, Unchanged, and Total Issues.

Odd-Lot Trading in N.Y. table showing buy and sell volumes for different days.

Dow Jones Averages table with columns for Open, High, Low, Last, and Change.

Standard & Poor's Index table showing various industry indices.

Previous NASDAQ Diary table listing previous trading activity.

AMEX Stock Index table showing high, low, close, and previous prices.

Large table of stock prices and changes, organized in columns with stock symbols and their respective values.

NYSE Lower as Dollar Slumps

NEW YORK — Prices on the New York Stock Exchange declined Wednesday as dollar weakness and steep rises in interest rates kept the market in a slump.

The Dow Jones industrial average closed down 8.93 at 2,602.04, according to a preliminary tally. The Dow had fallen 51.98 on Tuesday.

Losing issues were overwhelming gains by about 3 to 1. Volume was about 199.18 million shares, up from about 194.8 million on Tuesday.

Prices were lower in active trading of over-the-counter and American Stock Exchange issues.

The market opened lower, hurt by continued weakness in the dollar and bond market, and the sporadic futures-related selling that that slippage prompted.

Michael Metz, portfolio strategist at Oppenheimer & Co., said the major influence on the market is investors' belief that the Federal Reserve will have to encourage higher interest rates to support the dollar and the value of dollar-denominated investments.

Another threat to stock prices is that bonds now carry yields that are at their highest levels of the year may attract investment money away from stocks, Mr. Metz said.

"It's a serious correction this time," he said.

"The market will be on the defensive for a month or so," Mr. Metz said. The Dow could fall as far as 2,300.

Eugene Peroni Jr., technical analyst at Janney Montgomery Scott Inc. in Philadelphia, said market psychology was now experiencing the flip side of the summer advance.

"So many people questioned the validity of the advance that began in May and now people are somewhat complacent about the decline," he said.

Meanwhile, Robert Prechter reportedly has told subscribers to his widely followed Elliott Wave Theorist market advisory service that if the Dow closes below 2,600, it will drop to 2,300 before moving again to significantly higher levels.

He was to address an audience of about 500 portfolio managers and financial analysts at a conference in New York on Wednesday night.

At 3 P.M., AT&T was the most active NYSE-listed issue, off fractionally. Among other blue chips, General Electric, IBM, Eastman Kodak, USX, Philip Morris and Exxon were all showing losses.

National Semiconductor was up slightly after rising Tuesday. Its agreement to buy Schlumberger's Fairchild Semiconductor unit would make the company the third largest U.S. chip maker.

Large table of stock prices and changes, organized in columns with stock symbols and their respective values.

Large vertical advertisement for International Management with the slogan 'Work Makes You Smarter' and 'Your Office's Partner'.

Wednesdays NYSE Closing

Tables include the nationwide prices up to the closing on Wall Street and do not reflect late trades elsewhere.

(Continued)

Table with columns: 12 Month High, Low, Stock, Div., Yld. PE, 52 Week High, Low, Close, Chg. Includes various stock listings.

Table with columns: 12 Month High, Low, Stock, Div., Yld. PE, 52 Week High, Low, Close, Chg. Includes various stock listings.

Table with columns: 12 Month High, Low, Stock, Div., Yld. PE, 52 Week High, Low, Close, Chg. Includes various stock listings.

U.S. Futures

Via The Associated Press

Season High Season Low Open High Low Close Chg.

Grains

Table listing grain futures: WHEAT (CBT), CORN (CBT), SOYBEAN MEAL (CBT), etc.

Livestock

Table listing livestock futures: CATTLE (CBM), FEEDER CATTLE (CBM), HOGS (CBM), etc.

Currency Options

Table listing currency options: PHILADELPHIA EXCHANGE, S&P 500, etc.

Food

COFFEE (CNYSCS), SUGARWORLD II (NYSCS), etc.

Metals

COPPER (COMEX), ALUMINUM (COMEX), etc.

Industrials

LUMBER (CME), COTTON (NYCE), etc.

Stock Indexes

SP COMP. INDEX (CME), NYSE COMP. INDEX (NYSE), etc.

Commodity Indexes

Moody's Refiners, D.J. Futures, etc.

Market Guide

CBT: Chicago Board of Trade, CME: Chicago Mercantile Exchange, etc.

Dividends

Company, Dividend, Ex-Dividend Date, etc.

Spot Commodities

Commodity, Price, etc.

S&P 100 Index Options

Strike, Call, Put, etc.

London Metals

ALUMINUM, COPPER, etc.

U.S. Treasuries

3-month bill, 6-month bill, etc.

London Commodities

SUGAR, COCOA, etc.

Paris Commodities

SUGAR, COCOA, etc.

AMEX High-Lows

Table with columns: Stock, High, Low, etc.

NYSE High-Lows

Table with columns: Stock, High, Low, etc.

U.S. Futures Options

Table with columns: Contract, Price, etc.

London Metals

ALUMINUM, COPPER, etc.

U.S. Treasuries

3-month bill, 6-month bill, etc.

Rising Output May Hurt World Aluminum Prices

New York Times Service

NEW YORK — After six months of strong demand and surging prices for aluminum, there are signs that the industry may be headed for a return to worldwide overcapacity and weakening prices.

Some industry analysts noted that several aluminum companies had either restarted operations or announced plans for new ones. The increased production forecast for next year, they contended, would outpace the projected increases in consumption. Other analysts predicted that demand would increase steadily over the next two years and absorb any increases in production.

A recent Shearson Lehman Brothers report projected a 9 percent increase in production next year. "For the last few months, the market has been in undercapacity of aluminum," said Angus MacMillan, an analyst with Shearson Lehman in London. "But for next year the outlook is that there is going to be more aluminum made than will be required by consumption. And, of course, that's going to cause aluminum prices to move downward."

That forecast could dampen the new-found enthusiasm of the industry, whose profits have been bolstered by the rise of aluminum prices to 80 cents a pound, from about 50 cents last year and 40 cents two years ago. Mr. MacMillan predicted that the price would fall to around 65 cents by next summer.

Commerzbank in Soviet Accord

FRANKFURT — Commerzbank AG, one of West Germany's three biggest banks, said Wednesday that it had signed a joint-venture agreement with the State Bank of the U.S.S.R. and the Bank for Foreign Trade of the U.S.S.R., aimed at promoting trade.

West Germany is the Soviet Union's biggest Western trading partner. On August 10, Deutsche Genossenschaftsbank, the central institute of West Germany's cooperative banking system, signed a similar joint-venture agreement.

Indonesia Says Foreign Reserves Rose by \$1.2 Billion From June

JAKARTA — Indonesia's official foreign currency reserves rose to \$6.251 billion at the end of August from less than \$5 billion in June, as confidence in the rupiah returned, the central bank said Wednesday.

The currency was devalued by 31 percent against the dollar one year ago to help improve the country's trade balance, hurt by lower oil export earnings. Rumors in May of another devaluation unleashed a wave of rupiah sales for dollars, forcing the central bank to spend \$1.8 billion of reserves to support the local currency.

AMEX High-Lows

Table with columns: Stock, High, Low, etc.

NYSE High-Lows

Table with columns: Stock, High, Low, etc.

U.S. Futures Options

Table with columns: Contract, Price, etc.

London Metals

ALUMINUM, COPPER, etc.

U.S. Treasuries

3-month bill, 6-month bill, etc.

London Commodities

SUGAR, COCOA, etc.

Paris Commodities

SUGAR, COCOA, etc.

AMEX High-Lows

Table with columns: Stock, High, Low, etc.

NYSE High-Lows

Table with columns: Stock, High, Low, etc.

U.S. Futures Options

Table with columns: Contract, Price, etc.

London Metals

ALUMINUM, COPPER, etc.

U.S. Treasuries

3-month bill, 6-month bill, etc.

London Commodities

SUGAR, COCOA, etc.

AMEX High-Lows

Table with columns: Stock, High, Low, etc.

NYSE High-Lows

Table with columns: Stock, High, Low, etc.

U.S. Futures Options

Table with columns: Contract, Price, etc.

London Metals

ALUMINUM, COPPER, etc.

U.S. Treasuries

3-month bill, 6-month bill, etc.

London Commodities

SUGAR, COCOA, etc.

Paris Commodities

SUGAR, COCOA, etc.

AMEX High-Lows

Table with columns: Stock, High, Low, etc.

NYSE High-Lows

Table with columns: Stock, High, Low, etc.

U.S. Futures Options

Table with columns: Contract, Price, etc.

London Metals

ALUMINUM, COPPER, etc.

U.S. Treasuries

3-month bill, 6-month bill, etc.

London Commodities

SUGAR, COCOA, etc.

Table with columns: 12 Month High, Low, Stock, Div., Yld. PE, 52 Week High, Low, Close, Chg. Includes various stock listings.

Advertisement for 'Sales Manager' and 'Non-terror' with large text and graphics.

Wednesday's AMEX Closing

Tables include the nationwide prices up to the closing on Wall Street and do not reflect late trades elsewhere.

Via The Associated Press

Table with columns: 12 Month High/Low, Div. Yld. PE, Stk. High/Low, and various stock symbols and prices.

Table with columns: 12 Month High/Low, Div. Yld. PE, Stk. High/Low, and various stock symbols and prices.

Table with columns: 12 Month High/Low, Div. Yld. PE, Stk. High/Low, and various stock symbols and prices.

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Table with columns: 12 Month High/Low, Div. Yld. PE, Stk. High/Low, and various stock symbols and prices.

INTERNATIONAL FUNDS (Quotations Supplied by Funds Listed) 2nd Sept. 1987

Large table listing various international funds with columns for fund names, share prices, and other details.

Table listing various international funds, including sections for Floating-Rate Notes, Dollars, Pounds Sterling, Deutsche Marks, and Japanese Yen.

Table listing various international funds, including sections for Floating-Rate Notes, Dollars, Pounds Sterling, Deutsche Marks, and Japanese Yen.

Table listing various international funds, including sections for Floating-Rate Notes, Dollars, Pounds Sterling, Deutsche Marks, and Japanese Yen.

Table listing various international funds, including sections for Floating-Rate Notes, Dollars, Pounds Sterling, Deutsche Marks, and Japanese Yen.

AS - Australia Dollars; BF - Belgium Francs; CB - Canadian Dollars; DM - Deutsche Mark; ECU - European Currency Unit; FF - French Francs; FL - Dutch Guilder; L - Italian Lira; LF - Luxembourg Francs; SF - Swiss Francs; Y - Yen; A - Australian Dollar; B - British Pound; C - Canadian Dollar; D - Deutsche Mark; E - Euro; F - French Franc; G - Guilder; H - Hong Kong Dollar; I - Italian Lira; J - Japanese Yen; K - Korean Won; L - Luxembourg Franc; M - Mexican Peso; N - New Zealand Dollar; O - Omani Rial; P - Philippine Peso; Q - Qatari Riyal; R - Rand; S - Saudi Riyal; T - Taiwan Dollar; U - US Dollar; V - Vietnamese Dong; W - West German Mark; X - Hong Kong Dollar; Y - Yen; Z - Zambian Kwacha.

CURRENCY MARKETS

Dollar Slides Despite Intervention

LONDON — The dollar closed lower Wednesday in European trading despite further central bank intervention to brake the currency's fall.

London Dollar Rates table with columns for Group, Wednesday, and Thursday.

The declines left the dollar only slightly above a key psychological support point at 1.80 DM, with many convinced that a breach will occur soon as the currency eases before next week's figures on U.S. trade in July.

Concocted official intervention of the modest proportions seen recently was unlikely to halt the downward trend, dealers said.

Market sources said the Bank of England, believed to have intervened to support the dollar on Tuesday, had probably not been in the market on Wednesday.

Gold Advances To Highest Close Since Aug. 7

LONDON — Gold bullion closed Wednesday at \$463.75, an advance of \$10.50 from Tuesday and the highest closing since Aug. 7.

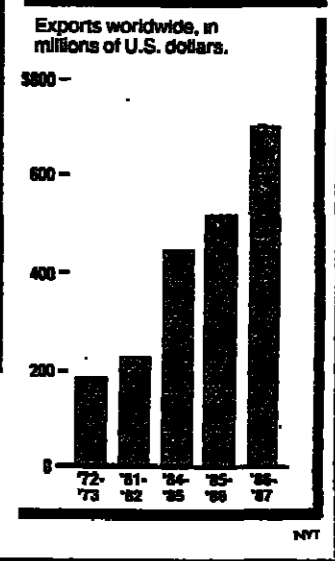
India's Shoemakers Making Giant Strides Abroad

By Sanjory Haarika New York Times Service NEW DELHI — Ajit Kumar Sen, a senior Indian official, says that in the 1950s, when India began its first exports of shoes to the Soviet Union, neither side insisted on high standards of workmanship.



India's traditional craftsmen may be giving way to modern methods as demand for higher quality shoes increases.

Leather Exports From India



U.S. Said To Have Joined Recent Dollar Support Moves

TOKYO — The United States joined in recent coordinated intervention to support the dollar, Japan's vice finance minister for international affairs said Wednesday.

Mr. Gyohken attributed the dollar's stability in the past 12 months to three major factors: the market's comfort in that range, major nations' agreement on the need for currency stability and improving economic fundamentals.

Although trade imbalances worldwide are still large, they are beginning to decline, mainly because of the dollar's slide in the past two and a half years.

Office: Checkups for Buildings

(Continued from first finance page) are working to current recommended standards," said Richard Rooley, a partner at Seymour & Rooley, a British engineering consulting firm.

India win a bigger share of the international market.

This trend was also helped, according to trade officials, by Brazil's brief withdrawal from the world leather market in the early 1980s as it wrestled with domestic economic problems.

asked Building Use Studies to evaluate buildings at a cost of \$10,000 (\$16,400) for each report.

"It is extremely difficult to measure productivity savings," said Adrian Leaman, a partner at Building Use Studies.

Wednesday's OTC Prices NASDAQ prices as of 3 p.m. New York Time. Via The Associated Press.

Large table of OTC prices for various stocks, including columns for High, Low, and Change.

Table of stock prices for various companies, including columns for High, Low, and Change.

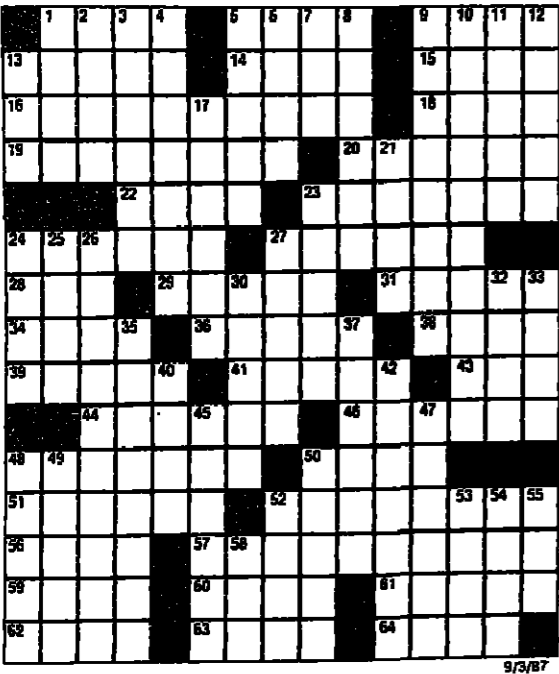
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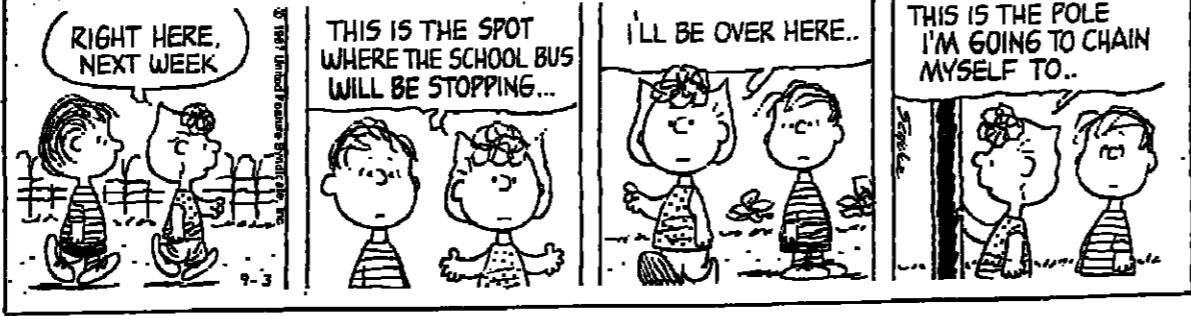
Table of stock prices for various companies, including columns for High, Low, and Change.

Wednesday's AMEX Closing. Tables include the notewidest prices up to the closing on Wall Street and do not reflect late trades elsewhere.



ACROSS 1 Zeus's sister and spouse 5 Scraps 9 Woody fiber 13 Claude's capeau 14 Glimmer 15 German industrial region 16 Mauna from heaven? 18 Shovan 19 Intrepid 20 Evil spirits 22 100 centesimi 23 Forthwith 24 Thrills 27 El (rich spot) 28 Beholden letters 29 Film critic, e.g. 31 Supple 33 Campus 34 Service org. 36 Hogged 38 Plant shoot 39 Frome of fiction 41 Grows in Brooklyn? 43 Examine carefully 44 Nymphs on Mt. Ida 46 Spuds 48 Little pistols 50 Kind of car or phone

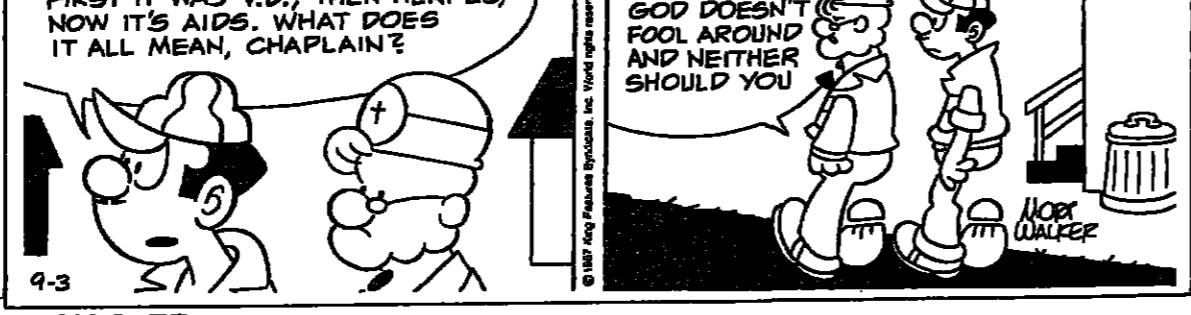
PEANUTS



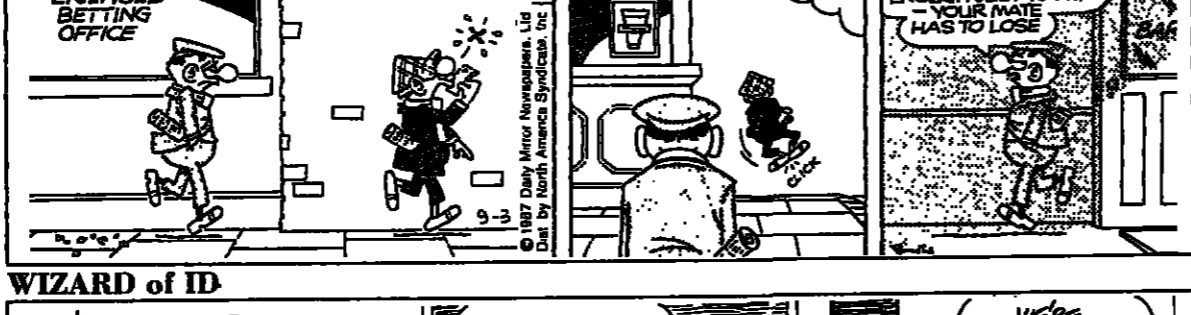
BLONDIE



BEEBLE BAILEY



ANDY CAPP



WIZARD OF ID



REX MORGAN



GARFIELD



DENNIS THE MENACE



JUMBLE

Jumble word game section with a cartoon and a grid of letters to be unscrambled.

WEATHER

Weather forecast table for Europe, Middle East, Oceania, and North America, including high/low temperatures and conditions.

World Stock Markets

World Stock Markets table showing closing prices in local currencies for various cities like Amsterdam, London, Brussels, Hong Kong, Frankfurt, Zurich, and Tokyo.

BOOKS

A CUP OF COFFEE WITH MY INTERROGATOR: The Prague Chronicles of Ludvik Vaculik

Translated by George Theiner. 127 pages. \$14.95. Readers International/Persia Books, 225 Lafayette St., New York, N.Y. 10012.

Reviewed by Richard Eder. It is 20 years since a Czechoslovak writer helped set off the events which, within a year, would so decisively overturn the country's oppressive institutions that Soviet tanks had to come to set them up again.

Solution to Previous Puzzle

A crossword puzzle grid with the solution provided, including words like MORTIS, SLAB, ADORE, POLO, JAMES, DANDY, etc.

BRIDGE

By Alan Truscott. heart winners were taken, and the ten was unblocked. The diamond ace provided an entry for the marked finesse of the heart eight.

Bridge hand diagram showing North (AK1097), South (Q5), West (J862), and East (A8) cards.

On the last heart, West threw a club and Kehele carelessly discarded a spade from dummy, preserving the club three. This mystified the audience watching on Yugraph, but they saw the point a moment later when he cashed the queen and king of spades and discovered the split in that suit.

KOREBOARD

Koreboard table showing high/low close prices for various stocks like 5200 Minnow, 9073 Alston A, etc.

Track an

Track an table showing stock prices for various companies like 3019 Stock, 3019 Stock, etc.

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Track an table showing stock prices for various companies like 3019 Stock, 3019 Stock, etc.

Large vertical advertisement on the right side of the page for 'Edberg Becker' and 'Koreboard', featuring a portrait of a man and various text elements.

ART BUCHWALD

Meet the Candidates

WASHINGTON — The fun of watching the seven Democratic presidential candidates on TV is guessing who they are. The other day it was my turn to have the gang over, and this is how it went. "Who is the fellow from Arizona?"



Buchwald

"He's the one with the dark suit on." "Well, I know he's not the guy with the bow tie." "How do you know that?"

Rube Goldberg Gets College Show

WILLIAMSTOWN, Massachusetts — The Williams College Museum of Art will exhibit 60 drawings, sketches and cartoons by Rube Goldberg Sept. 11 to Oct. 25.

Goldberg, born in 1883, was among the United States' best known cartoonists-satirists from 1910 to 1930. He died in 1970. The exhibit, called "Rube Goldberg: Drawings and Cartoons," is the first major showing of his work since 1970.

Vladimir Feltsman's Years as a Nonperson

By Harold C. Schonberg

NEW YORK — Vladimir Feltsman, the 35-year-old Russian pianist who arrived in New York on Aug. 18, considers himself a realist. Thus he was not altogether surprised at what happened when, eight years ago, he put in for an emigration visa.



Pianist Feltsman after his arrival in New York last month.

"I had to leave the Soviet Union. It was not the decision of a disgruntled musician. Feltsman was one of the most highly-regarded Soviet pianists of his generation. As a child he had been admitted to Moscow's Central Music School, the training ground for future Russian musical greats.

"From a very early age I did not like the system. I could not do any of the things I really wanted to do. When I won in Paris I was asked back many times, but Gosconcert did not let me return for seven years. Gosconcert is the official Soviet organization that books artists for foreign tours. They gave me all kinds of excuses. 'Next year you will go. Now is not the right time. Always promises. Nothing ever happened. In seven years I was allowed only two trips outside of Russia. Gosconcert did not want me to make a big career. Maybe it was

because I am a Jew. Maybe somebody there didn't like me.' And maybe, Feltsman also thinks, because he was too independent. 'I never played the party game. There were those who would flatter the authorities or send them gifts or try to sit at their feet. I could not do that.' He is also amused that it was not until he got married, in 1977, that he was allowed to leave the country. And Anna, his wife, was not allowed to accompany him. That was standard practice — family members have been held as de facto hostages ever since the first Russians started to come over during the thaw in Soviet-U.S. relations of the late 1950s.

and I had to sell most of my big library to live."

He says he felt like something out of Kafka as he sat home writing long letters to the authorities. The gist of the letters was: Let me play or let me go. In 1981 an article in The New York Times about his plight was picked up by the Voice of America.

"I can't say I was feeling very good in this period. I can say that music saved my life. The only thing I could do was keep myself in best shape as a musician. I worked very hard. I studied a lot of music I had never played before. God knows I had the time for it. I had nerves and fits of depression. But the experience taught me a lot. I now understand life and the nature of people and the values of real friendship. Which means also that I understand music better. In all honesty I can say that I am playing better now than eight years ago. Now I know exactly what I want, what I can do and what I cannot do."

Feltsman becomes a mystic, not in a mystical metaphysical sense, but in terms of the relationship between composer and performer. "I thought about it a great deal. The great composers, Bach, Mozart, Brahms, whoever, had a kind of power, of energy, that goes through me when I play their music. I identify with them and become part of that energy. I share the energy with them. I am at one with them."

He admits that the concept is hard to follow. Part of his belief is the necessity of an artist to curb his ego. "and we all have big egos." But his ultimate goal is to play for people to listen to his playing and think only of the music, not of who is playing.

He is trying to be realistic about his new life in the United States. This month he takes up his duties as a professor of piano at the State University of New York College at New Paltz. He will live there, but will also maintain a pied-a-terre in New York City. He will be playing at the White House on Sept. 27. He is starting to think about the program for his Nov. 11 Carnegie Hall debut, and he has to decide which concert agency will handle his American and international future. He already has been approached by the largest New York concert managements. And he has a full concert schedule for the coming year.

"Right now I'm euphoric, but I'm not stupid. My instant fame will disappear very fast. I have no illusions. I expect problems and difficulties, and that's normal. But I will try to keep my faith and family in my own hands. That is something I could not do in the Soviet Union."

PEOPLE

Dream of Big Money Leads to Reno Jackpot

A woman who dreamed of money gushing from a slot machine drove from Oakland, California, to Reno, Nevada, and won a \$1 million slot machine jackpot at the Club Cal Nueva. Pearl Anderson, 54, said she drove to Reno after she woke up feeling lucky. "I dreamed of buckets of money pouring out of the machine," she said. "I told my husband, Ralph, about it when he came home and he said, 'Well, you'd better go to Reno.'"

Pierre Salinger, one of the best-known Americans in Paris, is leaving his post as bureau chief for the ABC television network there to return to New York in October, he said Wednesday. Salinger, who was White House spokesman in the administration of John F. Kennedy, said his departure was motivated by financial and administrative reasons. He added that he would remain as chief of ABC foreign correspondents and become adviser to the company on foreign affairs. "I am leaving France with sadness," he said. "I came here for the first time in 1968 thinking I would only stay one year, and it has become a part of my life."

Exporting a revolution to the United States is just a matter of style for Vyacheslav Zeitsev. The Soviet Union's leading fashion designer will make his American debut in New York next month with a collection of fashions for the U.S. market. "I want to break the stereotype that Russians wear only padded jackets and felt boots," he said in an interview with his Dam Moody fashion house on Moscow's Prospekt Mira. Asked whether the average Soviet woman could afford his clothing, he snapped. "Can you afford a dress by Dior?"

INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFIED

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A WORLD OF JOB OPPORTUNITIES
AWAITS YOU INSIDE TODAY'S PAGE 11
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